



Gabaritos

**get it**

**Book Three**

Time to go beyond

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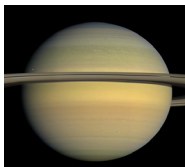

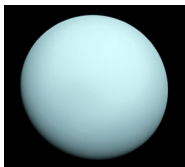

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# Lesson 1

## . Outer space

### STEP 3 Let's check

#### Facts about moons

Jupiter	Saturn	Pluto	Uranus	Earth
				
Jupiter has 79 moons	Saturn has 82 moons	Pluto has 5 moons	Uranus has 27 moons	Every year Earth's moon moves 3,8cm away
Ganymede is the largest moon in the solar system	Titan is the second largest moon and is bigger than Mercury	Charon is half the size of pluto	Uranus' moons are named after Shakespear characters	More than 105 robotic spacecraft have been launched to explore the Moon

Mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 👎 according to the chart above:

- 1) Jupiter has more moons than Saturn. **( F )**
- 2) There are moons with the names of famous characters. **( T )**
- 3) Saturn has the biggest moon in the solar system. **( F )**
- 4) 105 robots were sent to explore our moon. **( F )**
- 5) Charon is double the size of Pluto. **( F )**
- 6) Every year our moon moves closer to the earth. **( F )**
- 7) Saturn's moon Titan is bigger than mercury. **( T )**
- 8) Ganymede is the smallest moon in the solar system. **( F )**

## **STEP 4** Hands on

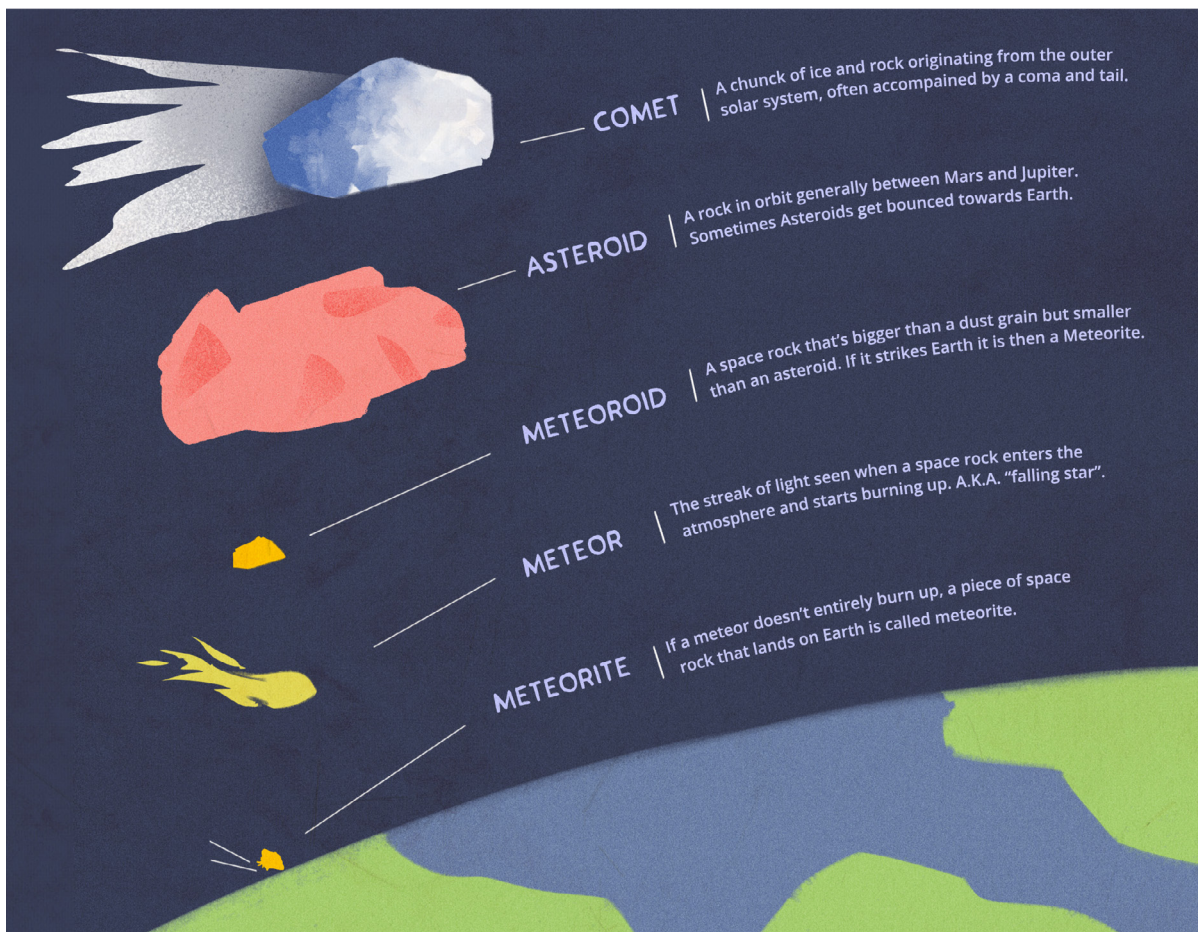
Dictation - listen to the following sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) The sun's gravity is stronger than the Earth's.
- 2) Earth contains eight billion people.
- 3) Astronauts fly in a rocket and pilots fly in a plane.
- 4) We can see the stars through a telescope.
- 5) Pluto has the longest orbit in the solar system.
- 6) People haven't explored space past the moon.
- 7) Uranus is blue and it is full of water.
- 8) Mercury doesn't have any rings.

# Lesson 2

## . Great Unknown

### STEP 3 Let's check



Read the poster and mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 🗨 :

- 1) A comet enters the atmosphere. **(T)**
- 2) A meteorite is smaller than an asteroid. **(T)**
- 3) A comet comes from far in the solar system. **(T)**
- 4) A meteoroid is the same as a meteorite. **(F)**
- 5) A meteor is very cold and has no light. **(F)**
- 6) We can't see meteor showers from earth. **(F)**
- 7) A falling star is a name for an asteroid. **(F)**
- 8) There are many asteroids between Mars and Jupiter. **(T)**

**STEP 4** Hands on

Use the word bank to fill in the blanks in the sentences below.

atmosphere / black-hole / closest / gas / new /  
pulling / stars / waning / waxing

Some planets like Jupiter and Saturn are made of **gas**. Other planets are made of rocks, like Mars and Venus. Mercury doesn't have an **atmosphere** like Earth, and it is the **closest** planet to the sun. A **waxing** moon is when we can see more of it and a **waning** moon is when we can see less of it. A **new** moon is when we can't see the moon at all. There is a **black-hole** in the center of the milky-way, and there are millions of **stars** around it. Gravity is always **pulling** the planets around the sun.

# Lesson 3

## . Space Race

### STEP 3 Let's check

Choose the right alternative according to what you learned in lesson 03:

1) The first telescope was \_\_\_\_\_ in the netherlands.

- a. developed**
- b. develop
- c. development

2) A \_\_\_\_\_ is used to collect information.

- a. rocket
- b. satellite**
- c. spaceship

3) \_\_\_\_\_ NASA send people to space in 2000?

- a. Did**
- b. Do
- c. Does

4) Russia \_\_\_\_\_ many animals to space.

- a. send
- b. sended
- c. sent**

5) I have a new job and I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. under the sun.
- b. over the moon.**
- c. down to earth.

# Lesson 4

## . My last vacation

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the text and circle the correct word in the parenthesis:

Last month Emma (**went**/goed) on a roadtrip with her family. They have a (**van**/car) and lots of gear and they love to travel during their vacation. Her family (drived/**drove**) for a few hours and stopped to look at some local (**landmarks**/destinations). They arrived at a national park to go (camp/**camping**) for a few days. Some people (**slept**/sleeped) in the hammock and some in the (**tent**/sled). It (were/**was**) spring so they enjoyed the (indoors/**outdoors**) with the beautiful view of a lake, trees and rocks.



# Lesson 5

## . My last vacation II

### STEP 3 Let's check

Choose the correct word in the sentences below:

- 1) James' sister got a manicure and painted her (**nails**/hair).
- 2) People (invented/**discovered**) new places in an expedition.
- 3) A (**spa**/buffet) is a good place to relax your body.
- 4) They like to try new things, they are (**adventures**/explorations).
- 5) The restaurant I went to had an (open bar/**all you can eat**) buffet.
- 6) My brother went on a luxury cruise on (**an ocean liner**/a boat).
- 7) They had a (**unique**/luxury) experience on the expedition.
- 8) A road trip is (**cheaper**/more expensive) than a cruise.

# Lesson 6

## . When I was a child... I

### STEP 3 Let's check

Find the words and mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 👎 according to your reality.

abilities      calm      develop      dream  
energetic      occupation      proud      still  
unusual      was      were      yet



- 1) I wanted to become an astronaut. (T / F)
- 2) I was very proud of my drawings. (T / F)
- 3) I used to get very good grades at school. (T / F)
- 4) I had many unusual dreams and wishes. (T / F)
- 5) I loved playing around with my friends. (T / F)

- 6) My parents wanted me to follow my dreams. **(T / F)**
- 7) I used to practice many sports. **(T / F)**
- 8) I wasn't very energetic, I was very calm. **(T / F)**
- 9) I liked to do many different things. **(T / F)**
- 10) I used to travel very often. **(T / F)**

#### **STEP 4** Hands on

Dictation - listen to the following sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) My father used to take care of the garden.
- 2) Azi always dreamed of being a soccer player.
- 3) Emma doesn't know what she wants to be.
- 4) Amahle was great with arts.
- 5) Olivia used to wear glasses.
- 6) Children should be proud of their abilities.
- 7) I used to visit my grandparents twice a year.

# Lesson 7

## . When I was a child... II

### STEP 3 Let's check

Complete the following sentences with the option that fills in the blanks correctly.

- 1) I \_\_\_\_\_ go to the playground \_\_\_\_\_ weekend during my childhood.
  - a. went / some
  - b. use to / some
  - c. use to / every
  - d. used to / every**
- 2) Last weekend, Anna went \_\_\_\_\_ the movies with her friends. They \_\_\_\_\_ lots of fun together.
  - a. to / have
  - b. at / had
  - c. at / have
  - d. to / had**
- 3) Johan and Alice \_\_\_\_\_ on the seesaw. They \_\_\_\_\_ played on the tire swing and slided down the slide.
  - a. don't played / still
  - b. didn't play / only**
  - c. didn't played / still
  - d. don't played / only
- 4) Their family \_\_\_\_\_ to South Africa more \_\_\_\_\_ ten years \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. travel / that / before
  - b. moved / then / behind
  - c. moved / than/ ago**
  - b. moves/ than / after

# Lesson 9

## . To be or not to be

### STEP 3 Let's check

Mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 🗨 according to the text below:

Last Friday night was the first time James participated in his school's play. They did a production of Hamlet and many of the students' friends and family were sitting in the audience. In the beginning, James was very worried about everything he had to do backstage. However, there were many other people such as students and teachers there that could help him, too. Some of the actors forgot their lines while they were on stage, but that wasn't a problem because they knew how to improvise very well. There was also a sign language interpreter on stage, and she made the play accessible to deaf people in the audience. In the end, people stood up and applauded the actors, the director and everybody involved in the play.

- 1) The actors forgot their lines and that was a big problem. **( F )**
- 2) People didn't like the play very much. **( F )**
- 3) James participated in the school play last weekend. **( F )**
- 4) He was feeling very worried about the play before it started. **( T )**
- 5) The play was also accessible for deaf people. **( T )**
- 6) The actors weren't very good at improvising. **( F )**
- 7) There wasn't anyone that could help James backstage. **( F )**
- 8) There was a sign language interpreter standing behind the stage. **( F )**

### STEP 4 Hands on

Dictation - listen to the following sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) I hung out with my friends last week.
- 2) Man stepped on the moon for the first time in 1969.
- 3) Our first trip abroad was over three years ago.
- 4) My sister prefers watching movies with subtitles.
- 5) I didn't go to the shopping center yesterday, I went downtown.
- 6) I still don't know how to cook very well.
- 7) The weather was awful last weekend, there was a snow storm.
- 8) I learned how to make Chinese food in China.

# Lesson 10

## . Live music

### STEP 3 Let's check



Take a look at the image and mark T (true) or F (false) according to the information given:

- 1) The drums are instruments used for music played in Africa, Ireland and in the Caribbean. **(T)**
- 2) In Asia, musical instruments such as the Castanets, the Taiko and the Gamelan are very popular. **(F)**
- 3) The fiddle is a typical instrument played in Ireland and it looks like a violin. **(T)**
- 4) The harp is a very large instrument, and we don't see it a lot in Brazil. **(T)**
- 5) The Sanxian and the Sitar are long musical instruments made of wood and cords. **(T)**
- 6) The Didgeridoo, Gamelan and Tabla are more present in the Southern hemisphere. **(T)**
- 7) Steel drums and Conga Drums are very similar to each other. **(F)**

# Lesson 11

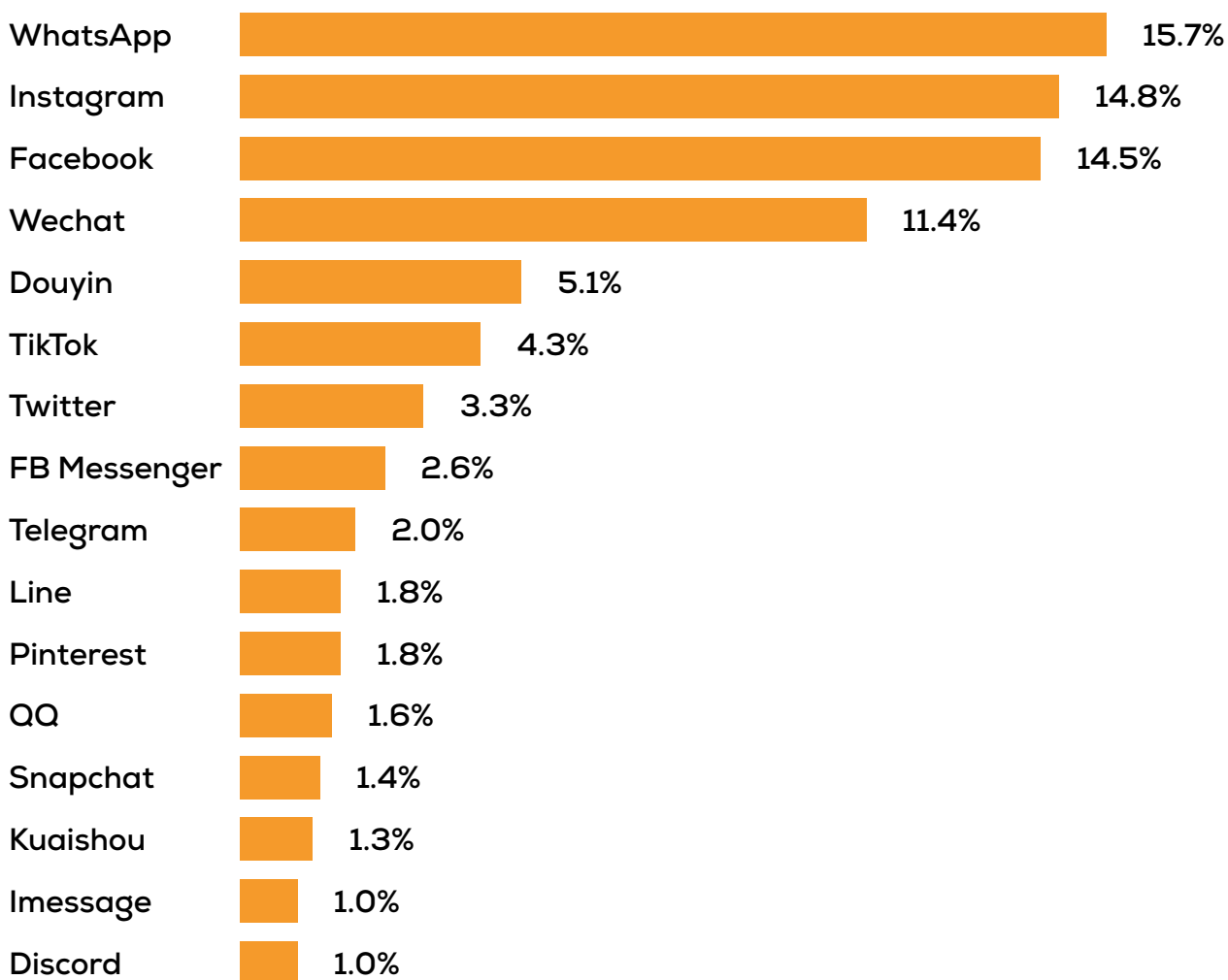
## . #iloveenglish

### STEP 3 Let's check

Take a look at the graph and read the paragraph below it. Circle the correct words in the parenthesis and underline the words you don't know.

#### Favorite social media platforms

Percentage of internet users aged 16 to 64 who say that each option is their "favourite" social media platform.





“When it comes to reporting social media trends, most media headlines focus on user numbers. However, research from GWI reveals that the (**typical**/different) global social media user now uses an average of 7.5 (many/**different**) social media platforms every month.

What’s more, GWI’s data also reveals that at least 98.5 percent of the (people/**users**) of any of the top social media platforms also use at (more/**least**) one other social media platform. [...]

Almost 9 percent of female internet users aged 16 to 24 say that TikTok is their favourite social platform, compared with just 1.5 percent of all users aged 55 to 64. [...]

Facebook remains the (least/**most**) popular global choice amongst men aged 25 to 44 [...]. Meanwhile, WhatsApp is the top choice amongst older users, with 1 in 5 global internet users aged 55 to 64 identifying it as (**their**/our) favourite social platform.”

Source: datareportal.com

# Lesson 13

## . Sell your art!

### STEP 3 Let's check

Complete the following sentences with the option that fills in the blanks correctly.

- 1) Amahle exhibited some of \_\_\_\_ paintings at a famous art gallery in her city last weekend.
  - a. your
  - b. her**
  - c. hers
  - d. his
- 2) She now has \_\_\_\_ from many countries around the globe that pay some good money for her paintings and value her art.
  - a. buyers**
  - b. painters
  - c. sellers
  - d. customer
- 3) When you have your own business, it is important to keep your \_\_\_\_ higher than your costs.
  - a. money
  - b. price
  - c. bargain
  - d. profits**
- 4) When you have a \_\_\_\_ job, you don't have to work all day long, so you can do other things during the day.
  - a. full-time
  - b. half time
  - c. part-time**
  - b. side

### STEP 4 Hands on

Dictation - listen to the following sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) Amahle bought a big canvas to paint on.
- 2) She put the new canvas on her easel.
- 3) Her favorite store has good paints and brushes.
- 4) Her new customers loved her paintings.

- 5) Buyers transferred money to buy her art.
- 6) Amahle used to work full-time when she was younger.
- 7) E-commerce grew a lot in recent years.
- 8) Many students worked part-time and studied.

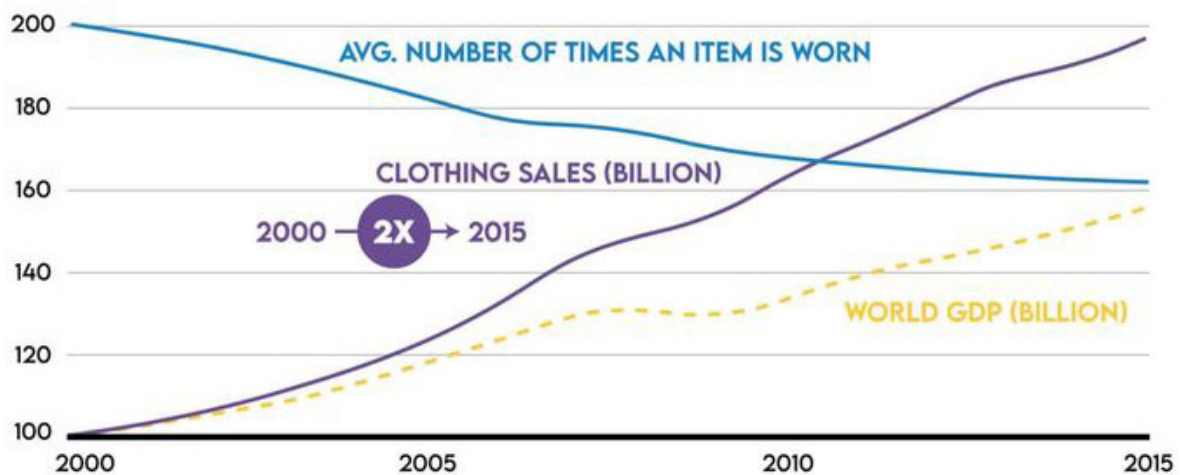
# Lesson 14

## . Let's talk about fashion

### STEP 3 Let's check

Take a look at the graphs and mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 🗨 according to the information given:

#### GROWTH OF CLOTHING SALES AND DECLINE IN CLOTHING UTILISATION SINCE 2000



#### FAST FASHION PURCHASING HABITS AROUND THE WORLD



SOURCE: EUROMONITOR INTERNATIONAL  
GRAPHIC BY: ADRIAN WONG



ITEMS PURCHASED PER PERSON  
1 SHIRT = 4 ITEMS



AVERAGE PRICE PER ITEM (US\$)

EARTH.ORG

Source: earth.org

- 1) The US is the biggest buyer in fast fashion. **(T)**
- 2) The UK has the highest average price per item. **(F)**
- 3) People are using their clothes more now. **(F)**
- 4) China has the cheapest average price per item. **(T)**
- 5) Brazilian people buy more clothes than people in Norway. **(F)**
- 6) Egypt buys less than four items per person. **(T)**
- 7) Clothing sales are higher today than in the past. **(T)**
- 8) People in Japan buy less clothes than in China. **(T)**

# Lesson 15

## . Let's celebrate! I

### STEP 3 Let's check



Read the text and circle the correct word in the parenthesis:

Ramesh was (**planning**/planned) his wife's birthday and he wanted it to be special. He wrote (**invitations**/invites) and (sende**d**/**sent**) them to some of their friends that live near his restaurant and his house. He bought many things to (**decorate**/decorated) the house like balloons, bows and ribbons. He was (blew up/**blowing up**) the balloons and (**wrapping**/wrapped) some gifts with his son, while Anike went out to buy a new dress to wear at the party. The morning of her (**birthday**/anniversary) he made her some amazing meals and desserts, only her favorite ones. Ramesh was decorating the cake when he (**realized**/realizing) he didn't have a candle yet, so he sent his son to buy one at the supermarket close to home.

# Lesson 16

## . Let's celebrate! II

### STEP 3 Let's check

Mark T (true)  or F (false)  according to the text below and to the vocabulary presented at the previous section. You may underline words or expressions you don't know and ask the teacher to clarify.

Ramesh and Anika love remembering their wedding and all the ceremonies that happened before it. They had a traditional wedding back in India before moving to England. Anika and all the women in her family got henna during the **Mehndi** ceremony and after that they celebrated and sang during the **Sangeet**. Meanwhile Ramesh and all the men in his family were doing the **Tilak** ceremony.

On the morning of their wedding, the bride and groom had the **Haldi** to make them even more beautiful and to ward off evil spirits. Ramesh remembers well the **Baraat**, which was the procession before their wedding ceremony. He was riding on a white horse while people sang and danced around him. They did many things that day, including walking around the sacred fire **Agni** and tying their clothes together.

- 1) Ramesh and Anika can't remember their wedding very well. ( **F** )
- 2) They had a traditional English wedding. ( **F** )
- 3) The day before the wedding, they did ceremonies with their families. ( **T** )
- 4) He rode to the wedding on a brown horse. ( **F** )
- 5) They put turmeric on their bodies before the wedding. ( **T** )
- 6) Ramesh's family put a dot of red powder on his forehead. ( **T** )
- 7) The Baraat ceremony happened after the wedding. ( **F** )
- 8) Anika didn't get any henna for her wedding. ( **F** )

# Lesson 17

## . Let's celebrate! III

### STEP 3 Let's check

Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

- 1) During what holiday do people usually make resolutions?
  - a. New Year's Eve**
  - b. Christmas
  - c. Thanksgiving
- 2) On what two celebrations do people light candles?
  - a. Christmas and Hanukkah
  - b. Hanukkah and birthdays**
  - c. Thanksgiving and new years
- 3) On what holiday do people decorate a tree with small objects?
  - a. Christmas**
  - b. Birthdays
  - c. Thanksgiving
- 4) What decorations do people usually put on these trees?
  - a. lights and chocolate canes
  - b. ornaments and candles
  - c. lights and ornaments**
- 5) When do Jewish people celebrate Hanukkah?
  - a. every december
  - b. on december or november**
  - c. every january



# Lesson 18

## . Let's celebrate! IV

### STEP 3 Let's check

Fill in the blanks according to what you learned in the previous lessons:




- 1) **Ramadan** is a holiday where **people** fast for a month.
- 2) They can eat only from **dawn** to **sunset**.
- 3) **Jewish** people light up a menorah to celebrate **Hanukkah**.
- 4) They don't follow a regular calendar, they use a **Hebrew** calendar.
- 5) We usually put **candle** on a cake to celebrate a birthday.
- 6) It's normal to go on a **date** before beginning a relationship.
- 7) In India **Hindus-people** celebrate a festival of light called **Diwali**.
- 8) They decorate their homes with **lamps** and wear **fancy** clothes.

# Lesson 19

## . A day at the museum I

### STEP 3 Let's check

Fun facts about inventions.

			Random Facts
The term telephone comes from the <u>Greek</u> words "tele", which means far or distant, and "phone", which means voice.	Two computers were <u>linked</u> for the first time in 1965.	The microwave was invented after a scientist walked near a radar tube and a chocolate bar <u>melted</u> in his <u>pocket</u> .	Benjamin Franklin invented <u>bifocals</u> because he <u>hated</u> wearing two pairs of glasses.
Bell suggested "Ahoy!" as a greeting when answering the telephone. In 1877, Thomas Edison suggested using the word, "Hello".	In 1974, the word "internet" was used for the first time to describe a <u>network</u> of linked computers around the world.	NASA uses microwave technology for communication in <u>deep</u> space.	In 1904, tea bags were invented. Thomas Sullivan, decided that it was cheaper to send small <u>samples</u> to customers in <u>silk</u> bags and not in boxes.

Read the chart and underline the words you are not certain of. Then, mark T (true) or F (false) according to the information given:

- 1) Nasa uses telephone technology for communication in deep space. **( F )**
- 2) A chocolate bar helped the invention of the microwave. **( T )**
- 3) Benjamin Franklin only needed to use one pair of glasses. **( F )**

- 4) People used the word "internet" before the 1970s. **( F )**
- 5) Without Thomas Edison, people would say "ahoy" when answering the phone. **( T )**
- 6) Tea bags were invented in 1904 by Thomas Sullivan. **( T )**
- 7) Before 1965 computers weren't linked to each other. **( T )**
- 8) The word "phone" comes from Greek and means voice. **( T )**

# Lesson 20

## . A day at the museum II

### STEP 3 Let's check

Complete the sentences with the appropriate word, according to the vocabulary you learned in lesson 20:

- 1) Years ago, researchers found fossils of **dinosaurs**. Some of them are in the Natural History Museum.
- 2) Most weddings in London take place at a **cathedral**. St. Paul's is one of the most famous ones.
- 3) People invented a **compass** to determine directions, such as North, East, South and West. It was created as a technology to help people to get around when navigating in the sea.
- 4) Skeletons found in the last **century** are now in the Natural History Museum, in London.
- 5) As an evolution of mobility, people invented the underground, as well known as **Tube**, to move through the city of London.
- 6) To figure out the date of an appointment, a **calendar** became an app on mobile phones to facilitate schedules.
- 7) Cell phones operate without wi-fi. This was an **evolution** of technology.
- 8) My mother and my father made a trip to London. There, they visited St Paul's Cathedral and the Natural History Museum. They bought **souvenirs** to give me as a gift.

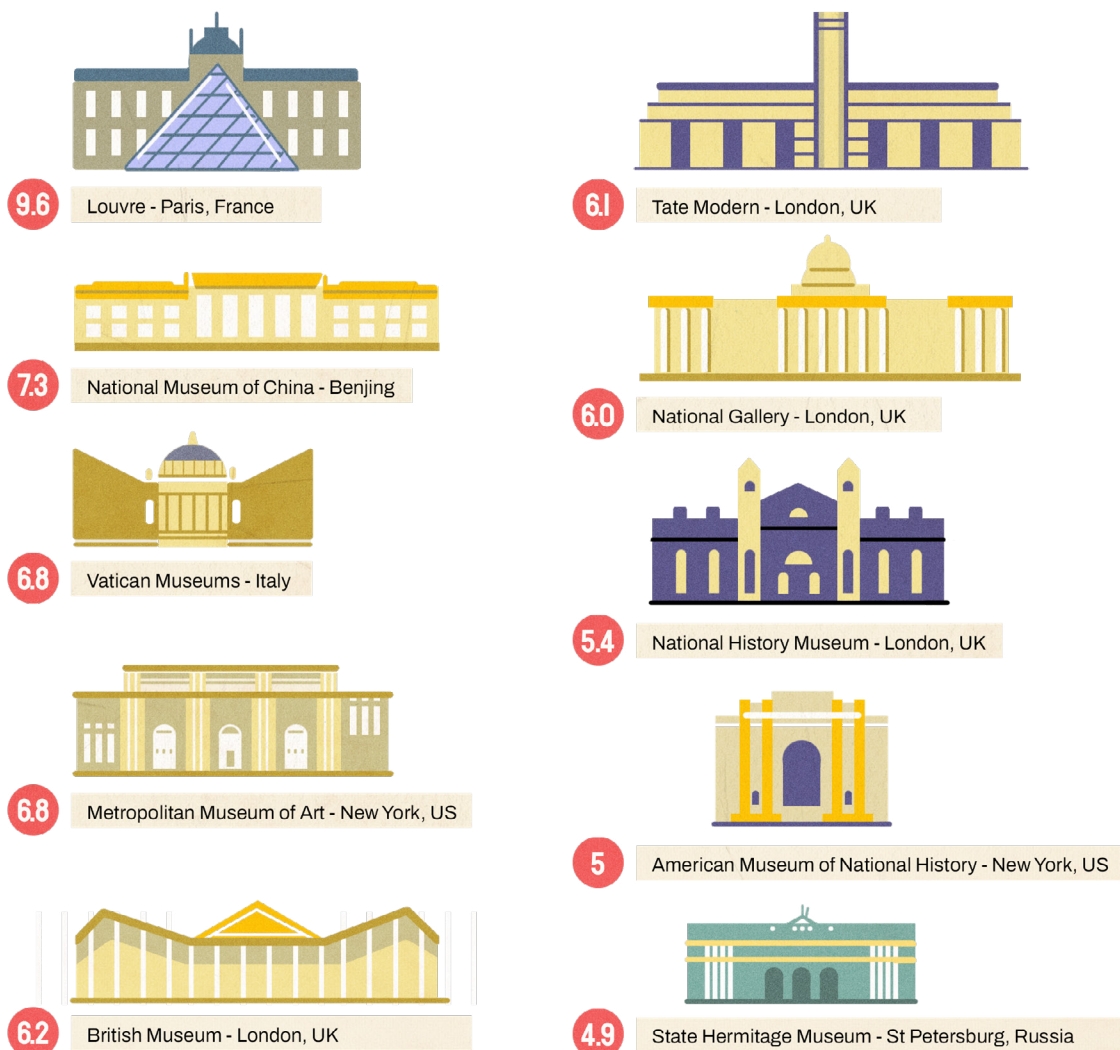
# Lesson 21



## . A day at the museum III

### STEP 3 Let's check

#### Most Visited Museums worldwide

Number of visitors per year (in millions)



Take a look at the most visited museums worldwide and mark T (true)  or F (false)  according to the information given:

1) The National Palace Museum was one of the least visited museums in the chart.

(T)

- 2) The most visited museum was Musee D'Orsay, in France. **( F )**
- 3) When traveling to the United Kingdom, people enjoy visiting the Victoria & Albert Museum the most. **( F )**
- 4) The most visited museum in the world is in France. **( T )**
- 5) Rotate Hermitage Museum had more visitors than Vatican Museums. **( F )**
- 6) The National History Museum in London had 420.000 more visitors than the American Museum of Natural History. **( T )**
- 7) The least visited museum is in France. **( T )**
- 8) The eight most visited museums worldwide were in the UK. **( T )**

# Lesson 22

## . At the Museum Cafe

### STEP 3 Let's check

#### What is Tartan?

Tartan, or Highland Dress, is a Scottish icon of identification throughout the world. The culture of wearing Tartan began in the 19th century with clans, which were groups of people who lived in the Highland. In Scottish culture, there is a celebration that originated in Canada to mark the History of Tartan. It is Tartan Day, celebrated on April 6th.

The word Tartan comes from 'Tartaine,' a French word for a checked cloth. Also known as 'plaid', in the US, Tartan is a patterned fabric that interlocks coloured stripes. The fabric became a synonym for Scottish heritage by the popular imagination. However, the History of Tartan is older than we think it is! Archaeologists found a mummy in China wearing tartan-style fabric, suggesting that trade routes occurred centuries ago between east and west.

Source: Addapted text from [craftykitcompany.co.uk](http://craftykitcompany.co.uk) and [kinlochanderson.com](http://kinlochanderson.com)

Read the text about the History of Tartan, and answer the following questions. You may underline the words you don't know and ask your teacher for help.

- 1) When is Tartan Day celebrated? \_\_\_\_\_ (**on April 6th**)
- 2) What language does the word Tartan come from? \_\_\_\_\_ (**It comes from French**)
- 3) Who used the Tartan in the 19th century? \_\_\_\_\_ (**Clans who live in the Highland**)
- 4) How did people in the US call Tartan? \_\_\_\_\_ (**They call it "plaid"**)
- 5) How did people make Tartan? \_\_\_\_\_ (**By interlocking colored stripes**)
- 6) When did Tartan start being used? \_\_\_\_\_ (**It started being used centuries ago**)

# Lesson 23

## . Checking out the gift shop

### STEP 3 Let's check

Put the letters in the correct order to make a word you know related to clothing and its colors and write a sentence using the word:

- 1) APJAAMS → **(PAJAMAS)**
- 2) SRPLIPSES → **(SLIPPERS)**
- 3) KENCLEAC → **(NECKLACE)**
- 4) GNTIRLAE → **(TRIANGLE)**
- 5) TUUMSRAD → **(MUSTARD)**
- 6) YNVA → **(NAVY)**
- 7) LIVSER → **(SILVER)**
- 8) GOELND → **(GOLDEN)**



# Lesson 24

## . Let's talk about adjectives

### STEP 3 Let's check

Complete the sentences with the correct adjective.

round - hot - high - tiny - expensive - fresh - thick - new - loud

- 1) My mom bought a **new** computer and it was very **expensive**.
- 2) Mount Everest is a **high** mountain.
- 3) The teacher speaks too **loud**, everybody can hear his voice.
- 4) This perfume has a **fresh** scent.
- 5) The weather is very dry in the summer and it's very **hot**.
- 6) This book is very **thick**. Actually, it has almost 500 pages.
- 7) This street is **tiny**. Only motorcycles and bikes go through.
- 8) There is a **round** table in the kitchen and everybody can see each other during the meals.

### STEP 4 Hands on

Rewrite the sentences replacing the underlined adjectives with their opposites:

- 1) The water in that pool was too hot. (**cold**)
- 2) My mother's new watch was very expensive. (**cheap**)
- 3) Your grandfather used to be a very tall man. (**short**)
- 4) Smartphones are getting thinner and thinner. (**thick**)
- 5) The mountains in my region are not very high. (**low**)
- 6) My neighbor bought a super fast car. (**slow**)
- 7) The classroom is empty. There's no one there. (**isn't full**)
- 8) Yesterday's homework was too difficult. (**easy**)

# Lesson 25

## . Costume parties

### STEP 3 Let's check

Fill in the missing reflexive pronouns:

- 1) My little sister can dress **herself**.
- 2) I don't like to talk about **myself**.
- 3) James looked at **himself** in the mirror for hours.
- 4) We didn't hurt **ourselves** last night.
- 5) You should take care of **yourself** more often.
- 6) Kids often hurt **themselves** at the playground.
- 7) I cooked **myself** a delicious meal for dinner.
- 8) You shouldn't go there by **yourself**.
- 9) The cat came back home by **itself**.
- 10) They learned how to play the guitar **themselves**.

# Lesson 26

## . Costume parties II

### STEP 3 Let's check

In pairs, read the text and underline the words you don't know. Try to figure out the meaning of each word and share your views with classmates.

Carnival is a celebration throughout the world with different meanings. It is a **spectacle**, where you can taste new **cuisine**, have entertainment, listen to live music, and put on colorful clothes and costumes. For many people, it's a way of celebrating the **joy** of life. But, there is also a history behind the event, and it depends on the environment you are **inserted** in.

In Oruro, Bolivia, the dress code for Carnival is influenced by the traditional folk dancers who represent **indigenous** culture. The most popular costume is El Tio, also known as 'the **devil**.' Also, people wear masks and **velvet capes**. If you want, you can put on colorful clothing, too. The carnival is a big party that lasts for about 10 days. In the celebration you can participate in **processions** of these amazing folk dancers in devil costumes, known as the Diablada.

Source: Adapted from cntraveler.com

### STEP 4 Hands on

Dictation - listen to the sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) I used to go to many costume parties.
- 2) She traveled abroad three days ago.
- 3) Carnival is a popular celebration.
- 4) Ramesh cut himself with a knife.
- 5) You shouldn't go there by yourself.
- 6) She spilled coffee on her shirt.

# Lesson 27

## . Let's talk about modals

### STEP 3 Let's check

Choose the sentences that are correct and underline the mistakes in the sentences that are wrong. You may choose more than one option.

- 1) ( ) Can you please **to** help me?
- 2) ( ) May you come with me to the doctor's office?
- 3) ( ) I can go with you to the supermarket.
- 4) ( ) He **shoulds** finish work early today.
- 5) ( ) Yesterday I **musted** go to work but I was sick.
- 6) ( ) We might **to** lose our flight this evening.
- 7) ( ) Waiter, could you please bring us the bill now?
- 8) ( ) You should bring an umbrella so you don't **getting** sick.

# Lesson 28

## . Flags of the world

### STEP 3 Let's check

Take a look at the chart and circle the word that fits the sentence.

#### Most used color combinations



Source: washingtonpost.com

- 1) The chart shows how (**national**/regional) flags combine colors.
- 2) Red is the (**most**/least) used color in flags.
- 3) Most flags combine the colors red, (green/**blue**) and white.
- 4) (**Some**/Most) flags combine more than three colors.
- 5) The colors red, green and yellow are present in (**ten**/twelve) flags.
- 6) We (can/**can't**) see the Brazilian flag in the chart.
- 7) Eighteen national flags (**only**/also) use the colors red and white.
- 8) Many flags use different colors, (**shapes**/patterns), and symbols to represent ideas.

# Lesson 29

## . Flags of the world II

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the text and circle the correct word in the parenthesis. Try to figure out the meaning of the underlined words.

The Sahara (**Desert**/Dessert), the largest desert on earth, (**influences**/influencing) the climate of Africa. The Sahara can (has/**have**) 5 inches of rain in a year but in other years there is no rain at all. While very few (**people**/person) live in the desert, (**some**/any) people do live in the arid (**dry**/snowy) areas around the desert. (These/**This**) people suffer terribly when there is a period of drought because they cannot grow food.

Temperatures in the desert (**can**/could) reach 130 degrees F (54°C) during the day and drop to freezing at night. Thousands of years ago the land of the Sahara (**wasn't**/isn't) a desert but today the (pattern/**size**) of the Sahara Desert is expanding and influencing the lives of many Africans. The (**enormous**/tiny) desert reaches 10 (states/**countries**) (Algeria, Chad, Egypt, Libya, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Sudan and Tunisia).

# Lesson 30

## . Flags of the World III

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the text about Cambodia and answer the following questions.

Flag of Cambodia consists of three horizontal stripes with blue-red-blue. The red stripe is twice the size of the blue stripe. On the red band is the depiction of white Angkor Wat centered. The colors of the flag of Cambodia are of great importance in the country. The two colors represent the courage, freedom, cooperation and brotherhood of the nation. Located in the middle of the flag, Angkor Wat represents justice, heritage and integrity. The flag represents the country's religion, its king and its people.

The most visited historical place of the Kingdom of Cambodia is the Angkorian Temple. Every year many tourists visit the country to see this temple. Phnom Penh is the largest city in the country. It is the economic, cultural and political center of Cambodia. In addition to the official language Khmer, French is also one of the languages spoken. They use Riel as currency.

Source: Full text available at: <https://www.mappr.co/flag-maps/cambodia/>

- 1) What colors does the Cambodian flag have? \_\_\_\_\_ **(The flag has red, blue and white.)**
- 2) Why are the colors of the flag important? \_\_\_\_\_ **(Because they represent courage, freedom, cooperation and brotherhood.)**
- 3) How many official languages does Cambodia have? \_\_\_\_\_ **(The country has only one official language.)**
- 4) Why do many tourists visit Cambodia? \_\_\_\_\_ **(They go to Cambodia to see the Angkorian Temple.)**
- 5) What does the Cambodian flag represent? \_\_\_\_\_ **(It represents the country's religion, its king and its people.)**

6) What is the national currency called? \_\_\_\_\_ **(It's called Riel.)**

## **STEP 4** Hands on

Dictation - listen to the sentences and write them down in the lines below:

- 1) Could you help me, please?
- 2) Algeria is Africa's largest country.
- 3) May I borrow your laptop?
- 4) You mustn't drink and drive.
- 5) I traveled to Laos four years ago.
- 6) We slept during the flight.
- 7) The cell phone was invented in 1973.
- 8) It might rain tonight.



# Lesson 31

## . Flags of the World IV

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the text below.

#### Geography

Poland is located in the very centre of Europe. With the total area of 312,679 km<sup>2</sup>, it's the seventh biggest country on the continent. Polish population is over 38,5 million people. The capital city is Warsaw (around 2 million inhabitants). Poland borders Germany on the west, Czech Republic and Slovakia on the south, Ukraine, Belarus and Lithuania on the east, and Russia on the north.

#### Weather

The climate is moderate. The average summer temperature ranges from 20 °C (68 °F) to 30 °C (86 °F). As for the winter, the average temperature ranges from 3 °C (37,4 °F) in the northwest to -8 °C (17,6 °F) in the northeast.

#### Work

In Polish cities it's easy for a student to find a part-time job. The wages increase systematically, so many Polish students choose paid studies and start working. Although the permission to work in Poland depends on your country of origin.

Source: [adapted] Full text available at: <http://www.studyinpoland.pl/en/about-poland>

Mark T (true)  or F (false)  according to the information given:

- 1) Poland is the biggest country in Europe. **(F)**
- 2) Poland's population is over 38 million people. **(T)**
- 3) The capital of Poland is Warsaw. **(T)**
- 4) Poland shares borders with seven countries. **(T)**
- 5) Poland is very hot in the summer and experiences extreme weather conditions. **(F)**
- 6) Winters can be very cold in Poland. **(T)**
- 7) Students can't work in Polish cities. **(F)**
- 8) Not everybody can get a work permit in Poland. **(T)**

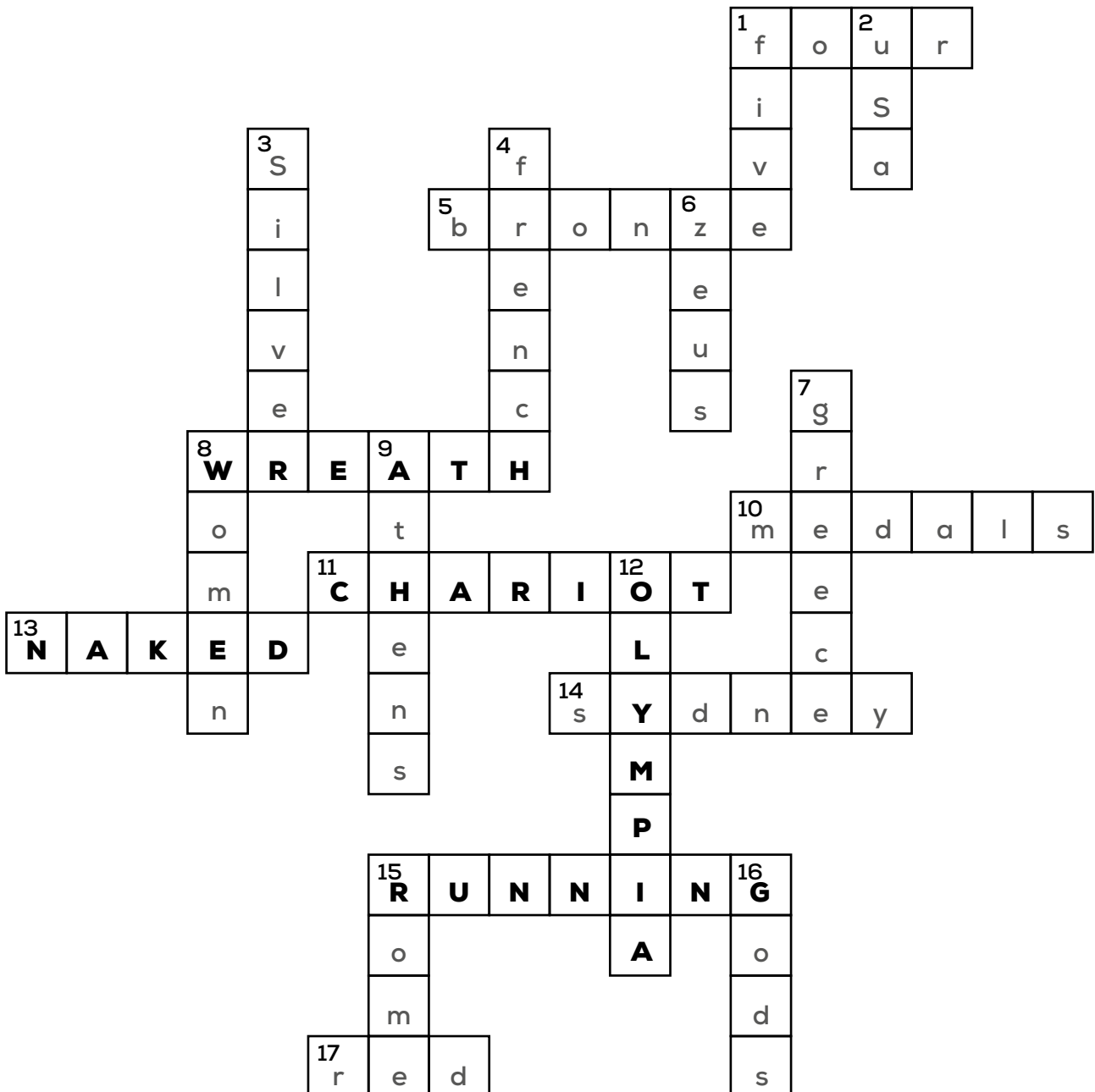
# Lesson 32

## . Out of the park

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the clues to complete the crossword puzzle on the Olympics:

## The Olympics



**Across**

- 1) The Olympics happen every ..... years.
- 5) What is the third medal called?
- 8) In the Ancient Olympics they were awarded an olive .....
- 10) What prize is everyone rewarded now?
- 11) An event in Ancient times was ..... racing.
- 13) How did men have to compete in the Ancient Olympics?
- 14) Where were the 2000 Olympics?
- 15) An activity people do in a marathon.
- 17) The colours of the rings are yellow, black, blue, green and ...

**Down**

- 1) The modern Olympics have how many rings?
- 2) This country won the 2012 Olympics.
- 3) The gold medals are made from gold and what other material?
- 4) What nationality was the person who brought back the Olympics?
- 6) What was the King of Gods called?
- 7) What country first started the Olympics?
- 8) In the Ancient Olympics, this particular race couldn't visit or compete in the Olympics.
- 9) The first Olympics were in which city?
- 12) Where do they light the flame?
- 15) Where were the 1960 Olympics?
- 16) The Ancient Olympics honored who?

# Lesson 33

## . Old habits die hard

### STEP 3 Let's check

Read the paragraph below.

Olivia often drives to work, but Azi prefers walking, because it's good for his health. James loves flying to Jerusalem, where he celebrates Hanukkah with his family. Anna and Johan are still kids, but they like to ride their bikes to school every day.

Mark T (true) 👍 or F (false) 👎 according to the information given:

- 1) Olivia gets an Uber to work. ( **F** )
- 2) Olivia goes to work by car. ( **T** )
- 3) Azi goes to work on foot. ( **T** )
- 4) Azi doesn't like walking. ( **F** )
- 5) James is used to traveling to Jerusalem every year. ( **T** )
- 6) James travels to Israel by plane every year. ( **T** )
- 7) Anna goes to school by bus. ( **T** )
- 8) Johan goes to school by bicycle. ( **F** )
- 9) Anna and Johan can't drive yet. ( **T** )

### STEP 4 Hands on

Fill in the blanks with a form of "used to" or a form of "be used to":

- 1) In the past, Azi and Olivia **used to** go swimming together.
- 2) Nowadays, they **are used to** going bowling on Friday nights.
- 3) James **is used to** the Jewish culture.
- 4) When Luan couldn't drive, he **used to** ride his bike to school.
- 5) If I **am used to** bad weather, then I don't have a problem with it.
- 6) My friends and I **are used to** going dancing on the weekends.
- 7) **Are** you the city yet?
- 8) **Did** you **use to** live with your parents?

# Lesson 34

## . Keep me posted!

### STEP 3 Let's check

Fill in the blanks with the words you learned during this and previous lessons. Don't forget to underline the words you are not familiar with and check with your teacher.

1) **YouTube** is an American online video sharing and **social media** platform. Video categories include music videos, video clips, news, short films, feature films, documentaries, audio recordings, movie trailers, teasers, live streams, vlogs, and more.

2) **Instagram** is a photo and video sharing social networking service owned by American company Meta Platforms. The **app** allows users to upload media that can be edited with filters and organized by hashtags and geographical tagging. Posts can be shared publicly or with preapproved followers.

3) Whilst there's nothing wrong with using text **messages** and phone calls to keep in touch, many people now use **WhatsApp** to send messages and make calls. It's an easy way to stay connected with loved ones and to send and receive photos and videos.

4) **TikTok** is a short-form, video-sharing **app** that allows users to create and **share** 15-second videos on any topic. The app is used by young people as an outlet to express themselves through singing, dancing, comedy, and lip-syncing.

5) **Twitter** is a service for friends, family, and coworkers to communicate and stay connected through the exchange of quick, frequent **messages**. People post **tweets**, which may contain photos, videos, links, and text. These messages are posted to your profile, sent to your **followers**, and are searchable on **Twitter** search.

6) **Facebook** is a popular free social networking website that enables users to share information and photos and keep in touch with family and friends. The idea behind **Facebook** was to provide an online book of faces for university students to connect and **share** information.

# Lesson 35

## . Music to my ears

### STEP 3 Let's check

Spotify is an audio streaming and media services provider founded on 23 April 2006 by Daniel Ek and Martin Lorentzon. It is one of the largest music streaming service providers, with over 456 million monthly active users, including 195 million paying subscribers, as of September 2022. Spotify is available in most of Europe, as well as Africa, the Americas, Asia and Oceania, with a total availability in 184 markets.

Source: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spotify>

Correct the sentences below according to the text:

1) Spotify is a streaming service for people to watch videos.

**Spotify is an audio streaming and media services.**

2) Spotify was founded less than years ago.

**Spotify was founded on 23 April 2006, sixteen years ago.**

3) Spotify isn't a popular music streaming service.

**It is one of the largest music streaming service providers.**

4) Spotify has 456 million active users every year.

**It has over 456 million monthly active users.**

5) Almost 200 million Spotify users aren't premium.

**195 million users are paying subscribers.**

6) Spotify isn't available in all continents yet.

**Spotify is available in most of Europe, as well as Africa, the Americas, Asia and Oceania.**

### STEP 4 Hands on

[ got used to | used to | 're getting used to | used to | are used to | use to | get used to | 'm used to ]

Read the sentences and fill in the blank with the correct phrase:

- 1) Everybody drinks coffee in my family, but I can't **get used to** it.
- 2) The food in this restaurant isn't the best, but I'm **used to** it now.
- 3) My Italian cousins **are used to** eating good pizza, good pasta and good ice cream.
- 4) My sister didn't **use to** eat fast food when she was younger.
- 5) When my mother lived in America, she **used to** roast a turkey for Thanksgiving.
- 6) After I became a vegetarian, I **got used to** eating more vegetables.
- 7) When my husband lived in Brazil, he eat rice and beans almost every day.
- 8) Our family's new in New York, but we're **getting used to** the city life very quickly.



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